

may petition an Immigration or Consular Officer to request a duplicate from a Certifying Officer.

[45 FR 83933, Dec. 19, 1980, as amended at 56 FR 54930, Oct. 23, 1991]

§ 656.31 Labor certification applications involving fraud or willful misrepresentation.

(a) If possible fraud or willful misrepresentation involving a labor certification is discovered prior to a final labor certification determination, the Certifying Officer shall refer the matter to the INS for investigation, shall notify the employer in writing, and shall send a copy of the notification to the alien, and to the Department of Labor's Office of Inspector General. If 90 days pass without the filing of a criminal indictment or information, the Certifying Officer shall continue to process the application.

(b) If it is learned that an application is the subject of a criminal indictment or information filed in a Court, the processing of the application shall be halted until the judicial process is completed. The Certifying Officer shall notify the employer of this fact in writing and shall send a copy of the notification to the alien, and to the Department of Labor's Office of Inspector General.

(c) If a Court finds that there was no fraud or willful misrepresentation, or if the Department of Justice decides not to prosecute, the Certifying Officer shall not deny the labor certification application on the grounds of fraud or willful misrepresentation. The application, of course, may be denied for other reasons pursuant to this part.

(d) If a Court, the INS or the Department of State determines that there was fraud or willful misrepresentation involving a labor certification application, the application shall be deemed invalidated, processing shall be terminated, a notice of the termination and the reason therefor shall be sent by the Certifying Officer to the employer, and a copy of the notification shall be sent by the Certifying Officer to the alien, and to the Department of Labor's Office of Inspector General.

§ 656.32 Fees for services and documents.

(a) No Department of Labor or State job service agency employee shall charge a fee in connection with the filing, determination, reconsideration, or review of applications for labor certification. Such employees, on request, shall advise applicants on the completion of applications and on procedures set forth in this part without charge. No charge shall be made for the issuance or transmission of a labor certification.

(b) The Department of Labor's regulations under the Freedom of Information Act at 29 CFR part 70 on the Examination and Copying of Labor Department Documents provide that fees may be charged for special searching and copying services. These fees shall be applicable to requests to the Department for copies of documents in the custody of the Department which were produced pursuant to this part, except for official copies of labor certification documents.

Subpart D—Determination of Prevailing Wage

§ 656.40 Determination of prevailing wage for labor certification purposes.

(a) Whether the wage or salary stated in a labor certification application involving a job offer equals the prevailing wage as required by § 656.21(b)(3), shall be determined as follows:

(1) If the job opportunity is in an occupation which is subject to a wage determination in the area under the Davis-Bacon Act, 40 U.S.C. 276a et seq., 29 CFR part 1, or the McNamara-O'Hara Service Contract Act, 41 U.S.C. 351 et seq., 29 CFR part 4, the prevailing wage shall be at the rate required under the statutory determination. Certifying Officers shall request the assistance of the DOL Employment Standards Administration wage specialists if they need assistance in making this determination.

(2) If the job opportunity is in an occupation which is not covered by a prevailing wage determined under the Davis-Bacon Act or the McNamara-